Welcome to Teaching + Learning Tuesdays

September 18, 2018

2:30PM

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🤟 menu.









Building a Future That Works.

TRANSFORMING CAREER PATHWAYS

PRESENTED BY

NATE ANDERSON, SENIOR DIRECTOR

ALL YOU NEED TO KNOW

JFF is a national nonprofit that drives change in the American workforce and education systems.

OUR MISSION

JFF accelerates the alignment and transformation of the American workforce and education systems to ensure access to economic advancement for all.

OUR VISION

A future where economic advancement is attainable for all.



JFF'S WORK

BUILD PATHWAYS

We design and promote education pathways that accelerate attainment of secondary and postsecondary credentials with strong labor market value, while laying a foundation to enable workers to seek additional education and training in order to remain competitive in a changing economy.

IMPROVE LEARNING & WORKING Systems

We advance research, practice, and policy around human capital strategies to improve learning and working conditions and outcomes for lower-income youth and adults in America.

DRIVE POLICY & CONVERSATIONS

We are thought leaders who develop and drive the adoption of local, state, and federal policies and priorities informed by evidence of good practice. This supports the implementation of pathways at scale and bolsters credential attainment and career advancement for lowerincome people.

COLLABORATE ACROSS Sectors and regions

We organize and support key stakeholders at local, state, regional, and national levels to redesign education and employment training systems. Our work connects K-12 schools, higher education, and the workforce, improving pathways for lower-income people in America. We help leaders drive inclusive growth strategies, develop diverse talent pipelines, and provide a steady stream of highly qualified workers into the labor market.

MOBILIZE EMPLOYERS

We work closely with employers to promote increased investment in policies, practices, and programs that position lower-income youth and adults as a source of talent and create career advancement pathways for workers. By working with both employers and education and training providers, we ensure alignment of supply and demand.



BUILDING A BETTER STARTING POINT, LOOKING TO THE FUTURE



Why do we need career pathways?

Careers increasingly require specialization, work readiness skills and experience Employers struggle to find skilled employees; adults represent untapped talent pool

> Education, workforce, and economic development are inextricably connected

Programs providing social support and skill development are not wellconnected to post-secondary ed and employers

Far too few people do not complete a postsecondary degree/credential

A Broken Pipeline



Job Outcomes for Community College Students are Mixed

- Six-Year completion rates for community colleges is just 38%
 - Even lower if you're an adult, attending part-time, or black/Latino
- Substantial variation in ROI depending on major and credential type and location
- Over time, however, pay gaps can shrink*
- Industry certifications can offer relative advantages over other short-term credentials
- JFF analysis 3 types of jobs: jobs as careers, spring board and dead end.

REVERSE-ENGINEERING PATHWAYS

EMPLOYERS

FUTURE OF WORK CONSIDERATIONS

COMPETENCIES MAPPING

SECTOR STRATEGIES WORK-BASED LEARNING

POSTSECONDARY

CONNECTION TO LABOR MARKET

ON-RAMPS AND OFF-RAMPS

SEAMLESS TRANSITIONS

PARTNERSHIP-BUILDING SECONDARY

BOTH COLLEGE AND CAREER FOR ALL

HIGH-IMPACT DUAL ENROLLMENT

EARLY, ONGOING CAREER ADVISING

FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS

KEY PATHWAYS LEVERS



MODEL 1: Accelerating Opportunity

AO Team Teaching

CARFFR EDUCATION ABE + CTE TECHNICAL instructors collaborate CTE ABE to co-plan instructors instructors and co-deliver have expertise SIC have expertise in building in foundational instruction for students' A skill EDUCATION an enhanced technical skills 0 development learning LUUDA experience

Accelerating Opportunity: Core Components

Accelerated credential attainment	Co-enrollment in comprehensive career/technical pathways
Team teaching	Credit-bearing pathways
Supplemental instruction	Intensive support services
Demonstrated alignment with labor market demand	Partnerships with Workforce Investment Boards (WIBs) and Community-based organizations (CBOs)



What do we know about the impact of integrated career pathways on adults seeking to attain a living-wage career?

EVALUATION STUDY SELECTION CRITERIA



1,820 Career Pathway Documents (2013-17)

THE CAREER PATHWAYS FRAMEWORK

Pathway	Integrated	Career
Entry	Training	Progression
 Basic skills attainment College credit attainment Program completion Credential attainment Entry into quality employment 	 Occup. skills attainment Program completion Credential attainment Quality employment and retention Wage and earnings gains 	 Multiple (stackable) credential attainment Continued integrated training and postsecondary education Career advancement

PATHWAY ENTRY IMPACT RESULTS*

- CP participants made basic skills gains at a higher rate than the control/comparison group
- CP participants completed more contextualized instruction than the control/comparison group
- CP participants earned a modest number of college credits, including training-related credits, at a higher rate than the control/comparison group
- CP participants earned an entry-level credential, including vocational certificate or license, at a higher rate than the control/comparison group
- Results were mixed for employment and earnings, with some studies showing modest positive gains, and others showing no difference between CP participants and the control/comparison group



INTEGRATED TRAINING IMPACT RESULTS

- CP participants were more likely to attain higher wages and annual earnings than the control/comparison group, and this positive impact grew at two or more years beyond program completion
- CP participants were more likely to complete a training-related credential and be employed and retained in a training-related job than the comparison/control group
- Positive employment and earnings outcomes extended to CP participants who had reported having educational, employment, and personal barriers
- CP participants were more likely to attain a credential (certificate or license) below the associate's degree level than the control/comparison group
- In several studies, impact varied in significance and strength by provider (esp. community college and forprofit) and occupation (e.g., health care and manufacturing)

CAREER PROGRESSION TAKEAWAY

Pathway entry

Integrated training

Career progression

Limited evidence exists on the impact of career progression on student-level education and employment outcomes

CAREER PROGRESSION IMPACT RESULTS

- Impact results are mixed on student enrollment in additional postsecondary and training for CP participants relative to the control/comparison group
- Impact results are mixed on credential attainment, including the associate's degree, for CP participants relative to the control/comparison group
- Impact results are mixed on employment retention for CP participants relative to the control/comparison group

MODEL 2: Guided Pathways

College: Lost in a Maze

FROM CAFETERIA COLLEGE



TO GUIDED PATHWAYS



RETHINKING MAPPING PROGRAMS

From:

Career programs vs. academic transfer programs



Academic / career communities ("meta-majors")

A lá carte courses (distribution requirements and electives)

Program maps with course sequences, critical courses, cocurricular requirements

Algebra as default math path

Program/field-specific math paths

Certificates vs. degrees



Degree pathways with embedded certificates/certifications



RETHINKING STUDENT ON-BOARDING

From:

To:

Job/transfer support for Career/college exploration and planning for all from the start near completers Current semester schedule **Full-program plan Holistic assessment** Academic assessment **Co-requisite academic support** Pre-requisite remediation **Critical program courses** Algebra and English comp **Exploration of program pathways** A lá carte dual HS credit beginning in HS



RETHINKING STUDENT ADVISING

To: From: JIT support for major decisions Info "dump" at orientation along the path Advisors teach and faculty advise Advising vs. teaching **On-plan vs. off-plan** Full-time vs. part-time Scheduling courses on the student's Scheduling available courses to suit college schedule plan to suit their schedule



RETHINKING TEACHING AND LEARNING





RETHINKING FINANCIAL SUPPORTS...

From:

- Traditional financial aid (grants, loans, scholarships)
- Waiting for students to ask for assistance
- **Isolated services**

Holistic supports (public benefits

To:

- like SNAP, housing assistance)
- Standard intake / screening form

- **Bundled, integrated services**
- **Off-campus referrals to** community partners

On-campus partner presentations and individualized assistance



Guided Pathways: Promising Results

Sinclair College: 52% Increase in Degrees and Certificates Earned



Degrees and Certificates

Guided Pathways: Promising Results

First Year Retention & Sophomore Status Rates -Georgia State University



Guided Pathways: Promising Results

GSU Graduation Rates by Race & Ethnicity



OTHER PROMISING MODELS AND APPROACHES

- Corequisite Developmental Education
- Quantway/Statway
- Student Support Strategies
- Apprenticeship
- Bootcamp/Compressed courses

WHAT'S NEXT FOR CAREER PATHWAYS?



EMERGING DATA RESOURCES

Longitudinal data sets allow for a much more detailed view of student outcomes

Public private data partnerships are creating data linkages that never before existed

Just-in-time data sources enable faster, more fluid responses to the rapidly evolving economy

Data interoperability will ensure stronger cross system functioning

THE IMPORTANCE OF SOCIAL CAPITAL

Improve students' access to highquality career information and advising

Provide training for teachers and counselors on the future and the health of different industry sectors

Apply social-emotional learning research and best practices to college and career advising:

Sequenced, Active, Focused, Explicit

WBL FOR ALL STUDENTS

Informed choices about their future

Fusing work and learning Referral network

Universal competency language



NEW **APPROACHES**?

Competency-based education may allow for more accurate, customized, and transparent program design to even further improve student outcomes Life-long learning will be the default approach of postsecondary education, and will be strongly linked to employers The Future of Work will require a proactive, not reactive education system, built for rapid turn around, ongoing engagement and a focus on outcomes



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Upcoming TLT Sessions

October 16, 2018 at 2:30 pm

Technology

November 13, 2018 at 2:30 pm

Student Populations

Want to showcase your expertise? Is there a teaching technique that has been effective in the classroom? Apply to be a TLT presenter!

For more information: <u>www.sctechsystem.edu/tlt</u>



Follow the SC Technical College System Academic & Student Affairs Blog SCTCS U.P.D.A.T.E.



https://sctcsupdate.wordpress.com/ New posts monthly!

Contact Erin York, Teaching and Learning Coordinator to submit a proposal: yorke@sctechsystem.edu

Give us your feedback

https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/September2018TLT

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